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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
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10/727,994

12/05/2003

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EXAMINER

BAYARD, EMMANUEL

ART UNIT

PAPER NUMBER

2611

MAIL DATE

DELIVERY MODE

07/16/2007

PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Office Action Summary	Application No. 10/727,994	Applicant(s) KIM, DONG-WON	
	Examiner Emmanuel Bayard	Art Unit 2611	

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE ____ MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☐ Responsive to communication(s) filed on ____.
- 2a) ☒ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☐ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☐ Claim(s) ____ is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) ____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) ____ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☐ Claim(s) ____ is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) ____ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) ____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on ____ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. ____.
3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- | | |
|---|--|
| 1) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date. ____ |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application |
| 3) <input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date ____ | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: ____ |

DETAILED ACTION

This is in response to amendment filed on 5/14/07 in which claims 1-12 are pending. The applicant's amendment and arguments have been fully considered but they are not persuasive enough therefore this case is made final. (See Examiner response to argument below).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

2. Claims 1-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Matsunaga U.S. Patent No 5,267,041.

As per claims 1 and 9, Matsunaga teaches a channel equalization apparatus in a digital receiver, the apparatus comprising: a filter filtering a received signal and outputting a channel equalization output signal (see figs.3, 7 element 14 and col.4, lines 6-8); and an equalization amplitude control unit controlling an equalization coverage area of the received signal (see figs.3, 7 element 34) by controlling a filtering coefficient (see fig.3 element 40) of the filter based on a level of a ghost, if the ghost is included in the received signal (see figs.3, 7 element 36 and col.4, lines 65-67 and col.5, lines 1-67).

As per claim 2, Matsunaga teaches wherein the equalization amplitude control unit comprises: a detector detecting the level of the ghost and outputting a

Art Unit: 2611

determination result (see fig.3 element 36 and col.4, lines 65-67); and a coefficient determiner determining the filtering coefficient (see fig.3 element 40) based on the level of the ghost detected by the detector and providing the filtering coefficient to the filter (see fig.3 element 14 and col.4, lines 6-8).

As per claim 3, Matsunaga inherently teaches wherein the detector determines whether the ghost is a near ghost and the coefficient determiner determines the filtering coefficient by referring to the determination result of the detector.

As per claim 4, Matsunaga inherently teaches wherein if the ghost is the near ghost and the equalization coverage area is required to change, the coefficient determiner provides the filtering coefficient to the filter, such that the filtering coefficient is applied to a time range and a phase range of the near ghost.

As per claim 5, Matsunaga teaches channel equalization method in a digital receiver, the method comprising; detecting a ghost from a received signal (see fig.3 element 36 and col.4, lines 65-67); detecting a level of the ghost as a detected level of the ghost (see col.6, lines 63-67 and col.7, lines 3-35); and controlling an equalization coverage area of the received signal based on the detected level of the ghost and performing channel equalization for the received signal (see fig.3 element 34 and col.4, lines 63-67 and col.5, lines 1-67).

As per claim 6, Matsunaga inherently teaches further comprising determining whether the detected ghost is a near ghost, wherein if the detected ghost is the near ghost, performing channel equalization further comprises applying the equalization coverage area based on the detected level of the ghost to an equalization coverage

area of the near ghost.

As per claim 7, Matsunaga teaches wherein the digital receiver (see col.4, lines 1-10) is a digital broadcast receiver and the received signal is a received broadcasting signal.

As per claim 8, Matsunaga teaches wherein the digital receiver (see col.4, lines 1-10) wherein the digital receiver is a digital broadcast receiver and the received signal is a received broadcasting signal.

As per claim 10, Matsunaga inherently teaches wherein the means for controlling the equalization coverage area comprises: means for detecting the level of the ghost and outputting a determination result; and means for determining the filtering coefficient based on the level of the ghost detected by the means for detecting and providing the filtering coefficient to the means for filtering.

As per claim 11, Matsunaga teaches wherein the level of the ghost is at a time domain (see abstract and col.3, lines 45-48).

As per claim 12, Matsunaga inherently teaches wherein the level of the ghost is a DC level.

Response to Arguments

1. Applicant's arguments filed 5/14/07 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.
2. In response to applicant's argument that that Matsunaga does not teach the filtering coefficients are based on a level of a ghost, a recitation of the intended use of the claimed invention must result in a structural difference between the claimed

invention and the prior art in order to patentably distinguish the claimed invention from the prior art. If the prior art structure is capable of performing the intended use, then it meets the claim.

In page 6, paragraphs 1-2 of the response applicant asserts that Matsunaga does not teach the filtering coefficients are based on a level of a ghost. Examiner respectfully disagrees. In fact Matsunaga teaches a filter control block (see fig.7 element 56) having filtered coefficients that are based on a level of a ghost or ghost limiter (see abstract and col.2, lines 60-67 and col.5, lines 55-67 and col.6, lines 45-60). Whether Matsunaga filter coefficients are based on the difference the Fourier transformed ghost cancellation and a reference waveform are irrelevant. The fact remains that this filtered coefficients from the control block (56) are deriving from ghost level signal or a ghost limiter gain as taught by Matsugana therefore applicant's arguments are moot and this case is made final.

Conclusion

3. **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any

Art Unit: 2611

extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Emmanuel Bayard whose telephone number is 571 272 3016. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday (7:Am-4:30PM) Alternate Friday off.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Chieh Fan can be reached on 571 272 3042. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

7/11/2007

Emmanuel Bayard
Primary Examiner
Art Unit 2611

EMMANUEL BAYARD
PRIMARY EXAMINER